



TRUSTPV
SOLAR PV, PERFORMANCE & RELIABILITY

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Europäischer Fonds für regionale Entwicklung
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eurac research

Role of Digitalization in Operation and Maintenance of PV Plants: breaking silos

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Bolzano
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PV 4.



The Quest for Quality: towards reliable and bankable solar PV

Literature on quality

REPORTS



O&M Best Practice Guidelines Version 4.0

At the O&M and Asset Management 2019 conference in London, SolarPower Europe launched Version 4.0 of the O&M Best Practice Guidelines. This new version builds

05/12/2019

REPORTS



Asset Management Best Practice Guidelines Version 2.0

SolarPower Europe has launched Version 2.0 of the Asset Management Best Practice Guidelines. Building on a successful Version 1.0 published in December 2019, this update

23/11/2020

REPORTS




Engineering, Procurement & Construction Best Practice Guidelines Version 1.0

SolarPower Europe has launched the Engineering, Procurement and Construction (EPC) Best Practice Guidelines. Following a year of intensive work, we are very proud to present

24/11/2020

IRENA


BOOSTING SOLAR PV MARKETS: THE ROLE OF QUALITY INFRASTRUCTURE



Boosting global PV markets: The role of quality infrastructure



International Energy Agency
Photovoltaic Power Systems Programme

SUPPORTING THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE EUROPEAN PV INDUSTRY AND MARKETS THROUGH ENHANCED QUALITY

White Paper produced by SOLARUNITED

www.etip-pv.eu



PV QUALITY AND ECONOMY


SEPTEMBER 2018

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RESEARCH CHALLENGES IN PV RELIABILITY

www.etip-pv.eu



EXPERT INPUT PAPER – ECO-DESIGN & ENERGY LABELLING FOR PHOTOVOLTAIC MODULES, INVERTERS AND SYSTEMS IN THE EU

ETIP PV SolarPower Europe, PVTech, Customer Social Measurement Centre, IECB

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WHITE PAPER ON HARMONIZED DATA COLLECTION FROM THE FIELD

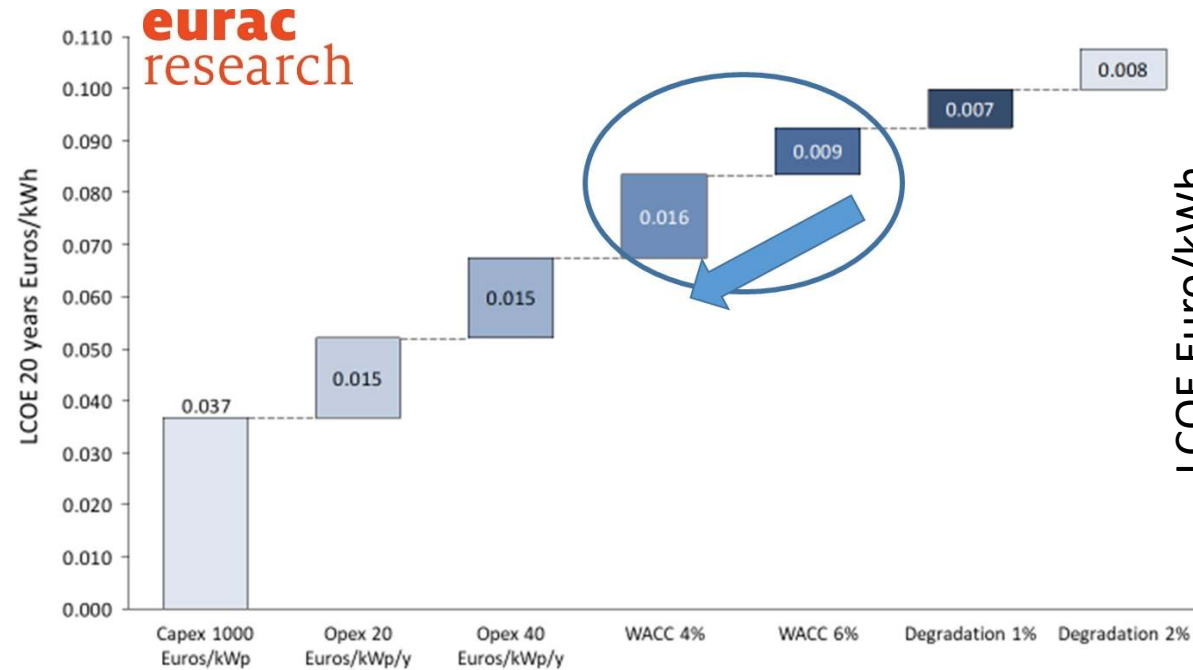


Supported by PARLY and RECORDER INSTITUTE

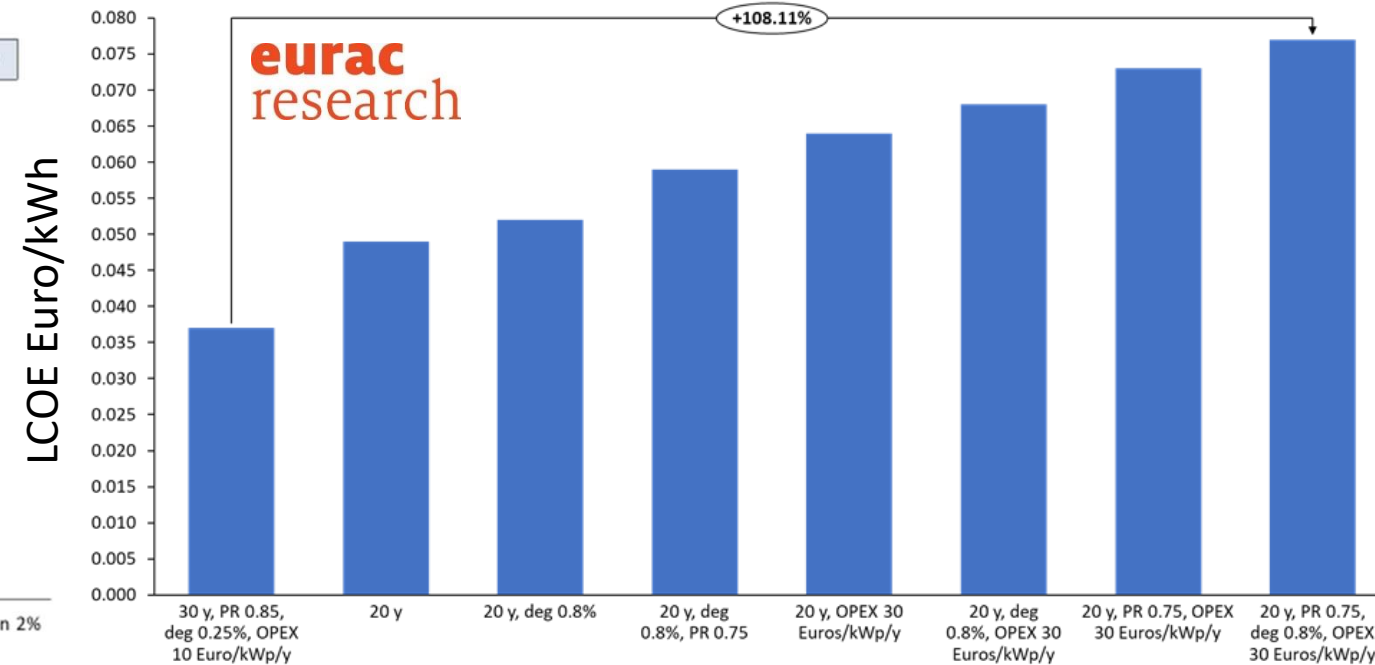


Quantifying «quality»

Derisking



Impact of reliability on LCOE

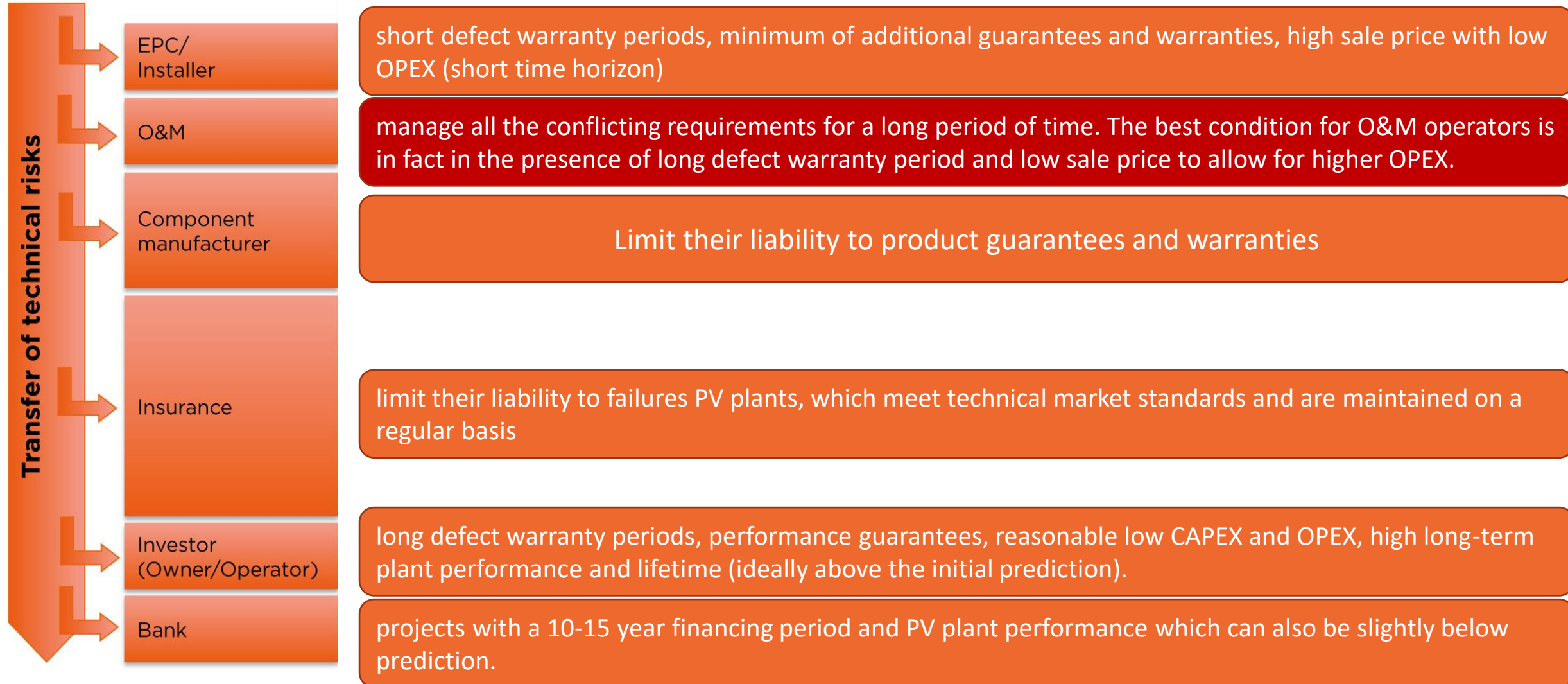


Drivers for cost-effective increase of performance and reliability:

- Common nomenclature / dictionaries
- Risk framework and guidelines
- A value-chain approach

For all these drivers digitalisation is key

Stakeholders' needs



Bankability and quality must be data-driven

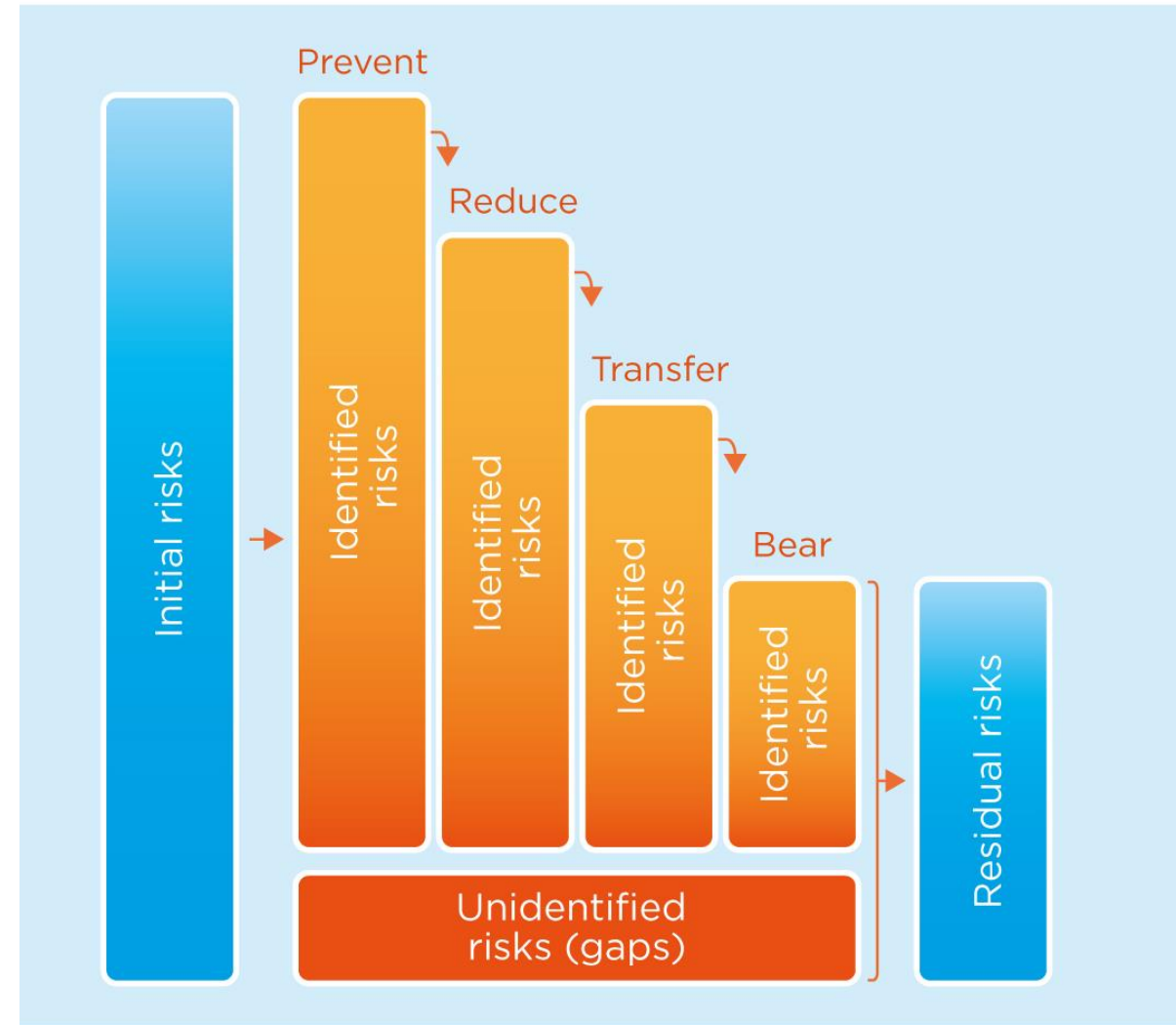
Large datasets are available:

- Procurement / Testing
- Monitoring
- Field inspection
- Ticketing O&M
- Insurance claims
- Third party inspections

HOWEVER

These datasets are rarely:

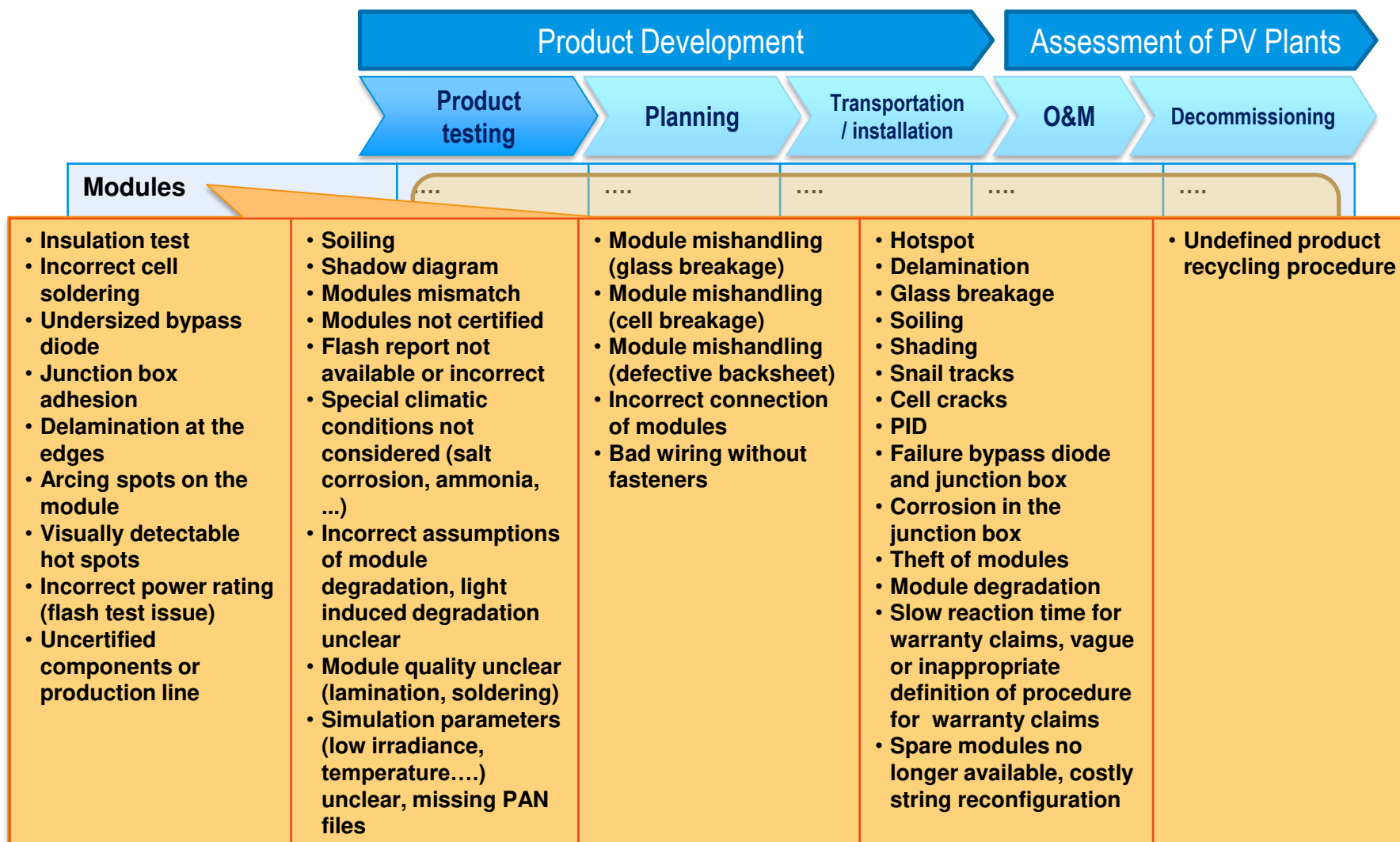
- Organised
- Interoperable and digitalised
- Rely on interlinked digital platforms



Technical risks framework: towards a standardised approach to quality

Risk matrix: taxonomy

The importance of using common dictionaries



Risk matrix: taxonomy

The importance of using common dictionaries

Failure appearance in PV plant
Creation of ticket in SCADA system
Classification of failure according to TRUST PV's Risk Matrix
Resolution of failure
Statistical analysis of failure (CPN)

Workflow
Failure categorization

Risk Matrix Update

Components

Grid	Weather station, Communication & Monitoring
Interconnection	Mounting Structure
Inverter	System
Module	Transformer

MANDATORY

OPTIONAL

failure_id	Component	Subcomponent	failure	Description	Cause	Origin	Accountability	Detection
grid.02	Grid	Entire grid	Limitation of deliverable power			Operation		Warning O&M platform
inv.11	Inverter	Entire inverter	Overheated inverter		Ventilation issues	Operation		Warning inverter
mod.01	Module	Backsheet	Chalking			Operation	Insurance	Visual inspection
mount.12	Mounting Structure	Tracking system	Tracking failure		Storm	Operation		

340 failures listed

Ticket Alignment

Status update:
24,780 tickets of 86 PV plants aligned





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Cost-based Failure Modes and Effects Analysis (FMEA) for PV



- a) Economic impact due to downtime and/or power loss (kWh to Euros)
- Failures might cause downtime or % in power loss
 - Time is from failure to repair/substitution and should include: time to detection, response time, repair/substitution time
 - Failures at component level might affect other components (e.g. module failure might bring down the whole string)

- b) Economic impact due to repair/substitution costs (Euros)
- Cost of detection (field inspection, indoor measurements, etc)
 - Cost of transportation of component
 - Cost of labour (linked to downtime)
 - Cost of repair/substitution



Income / savings reduction



O&M cost increase
Reserves decrease

Economic impact of failures

New metrics

CPN: metric that allows for

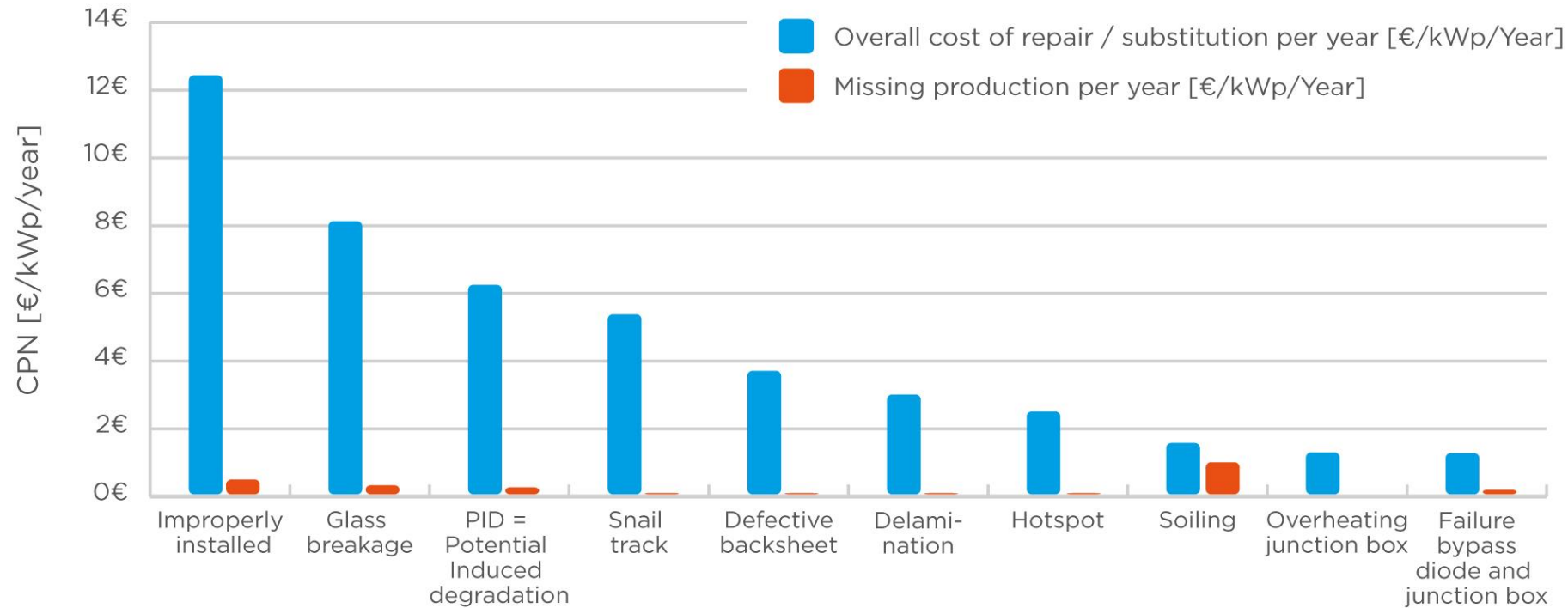
- Comparison between asset within the same PV plant portfolio (AM, O&M)
- Evaluate best strategies in EPC, O&M
- Act as a link between the various phases of the value chain



CPN Results - Components and Market Segments

- PV modules - Utility scale

Scenario based results!



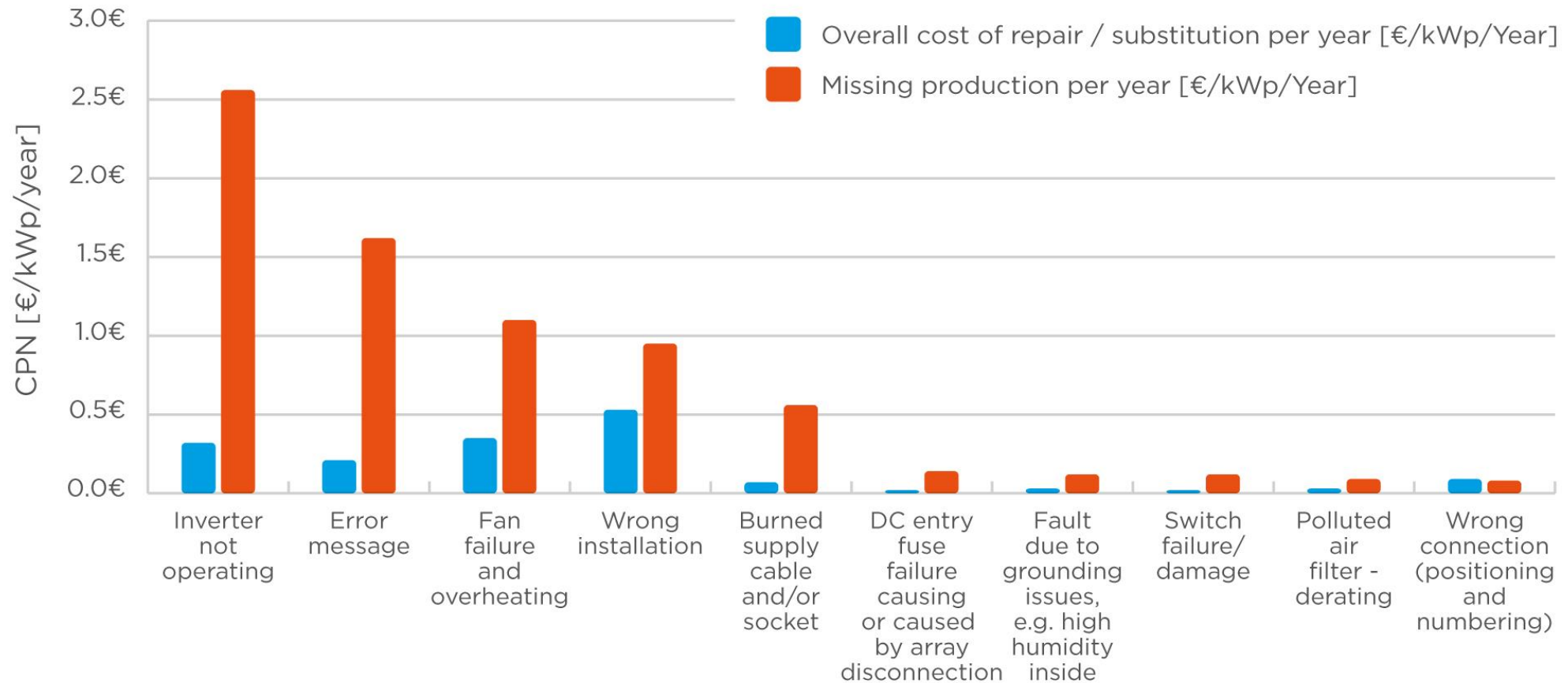
- Highest risk consists of a group of installation failures (mishandling, connection failures, missing fixation, etc.)
- Variety of failures detected by different techniques (VI, IR, EL, IV-Curves)



CPN Results - Components and Market Segments

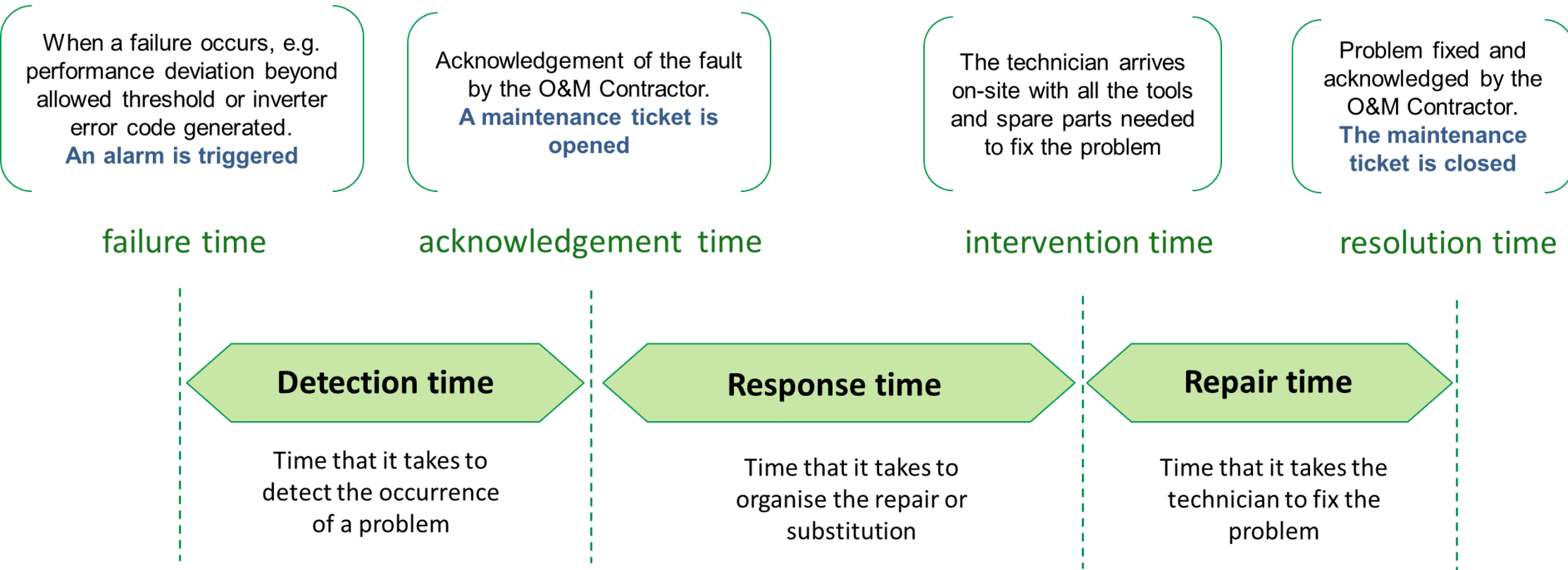
Scenario based results!

- Inverters



Economic impact of failures

Treaceability

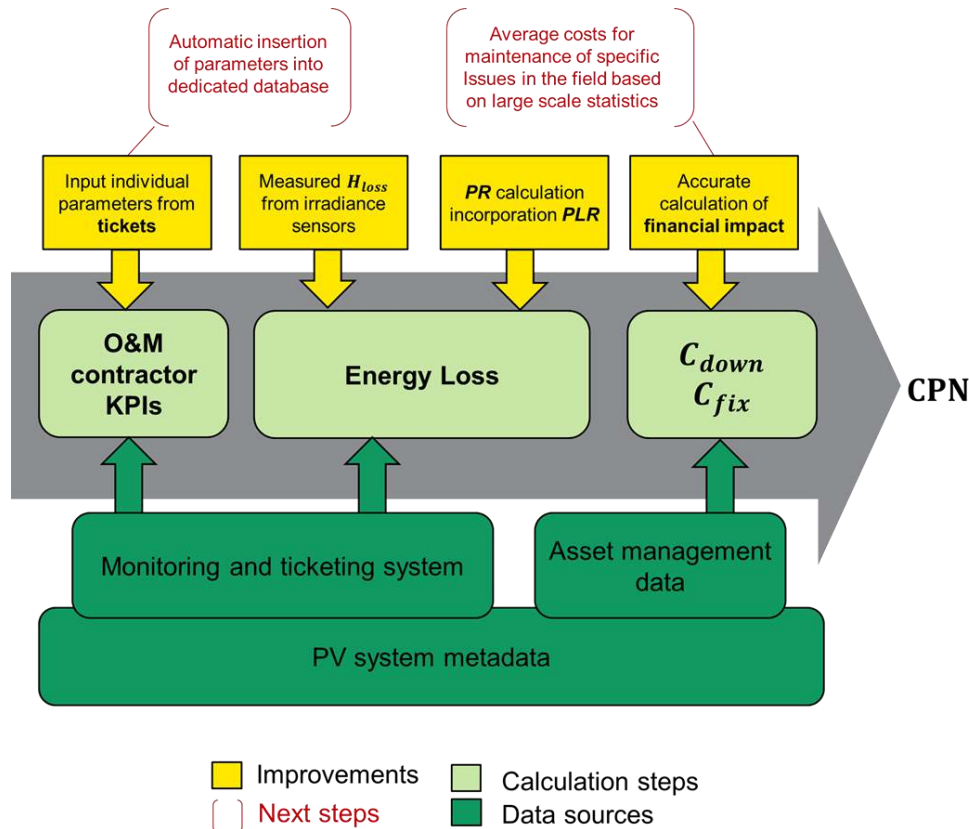


Digitalisation becomes a necessity

Digitalisation as THE driver for quality

Process digitalisation

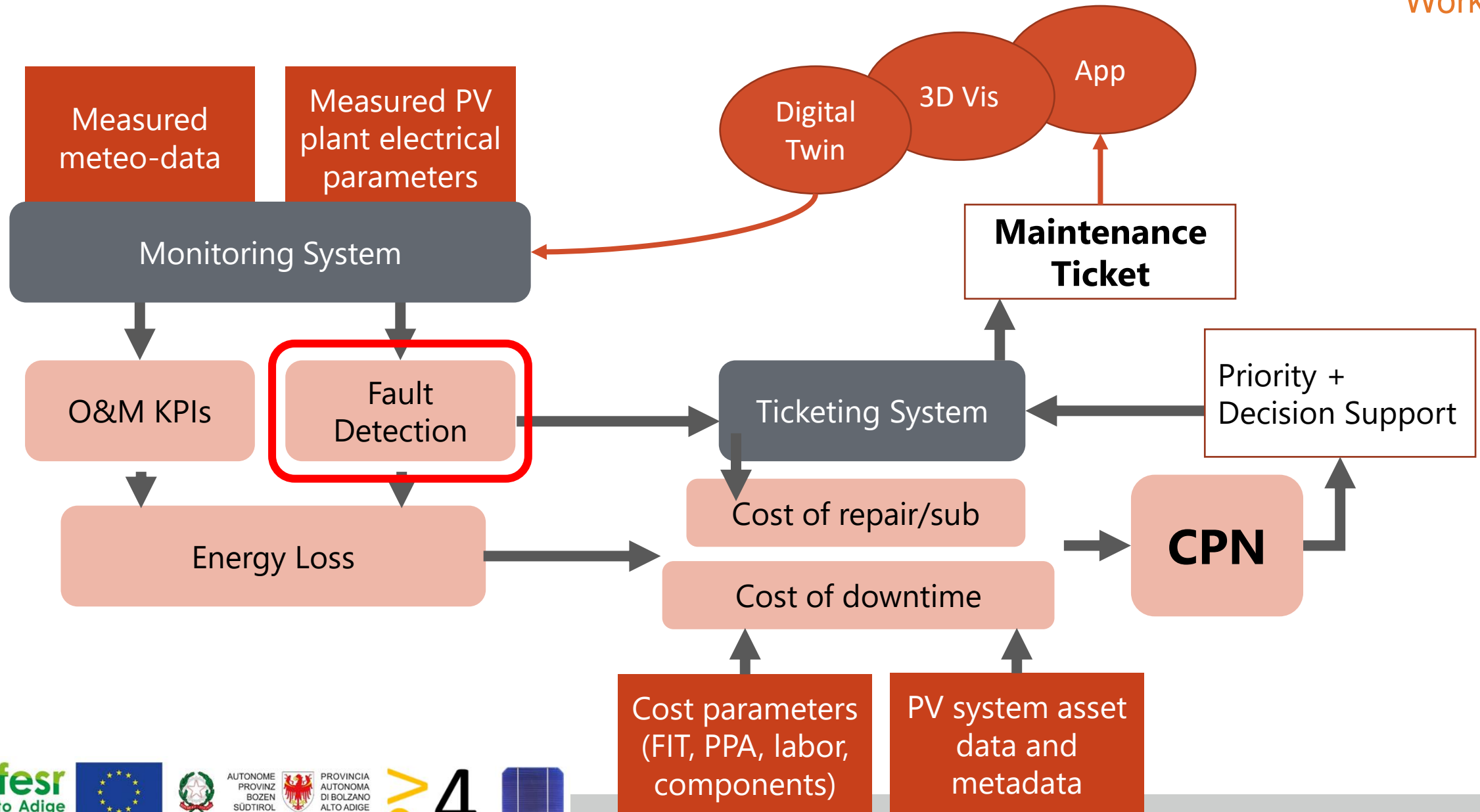
Full integration of monitoring platforms and ticketing systems



- Creation of standardised metadata (PV passport)
- Development of an automated and therefore time-efficient solution for extracting key parameters from maintenance tickets to gain statistical insights from a large number of PV plants.
- Development of a software tool for field technicians that would allow the precise and error-free recording of standardised parameters for the calculation of the O&M contractors KPIs necessary for an efficient implementation of the methodology
- The O&M field practices must definitely move away from a manual input of tickets in text format and adopt a more standardised approach when human intervention is limited

Process digitalisation

Workflow



A value-chain approach

Needs and definitions

Virtual construction of a facility prior to its actual physical construction

(reduce uncertainty, improve safety, work out problems, and simulate and analyze potential impacts)

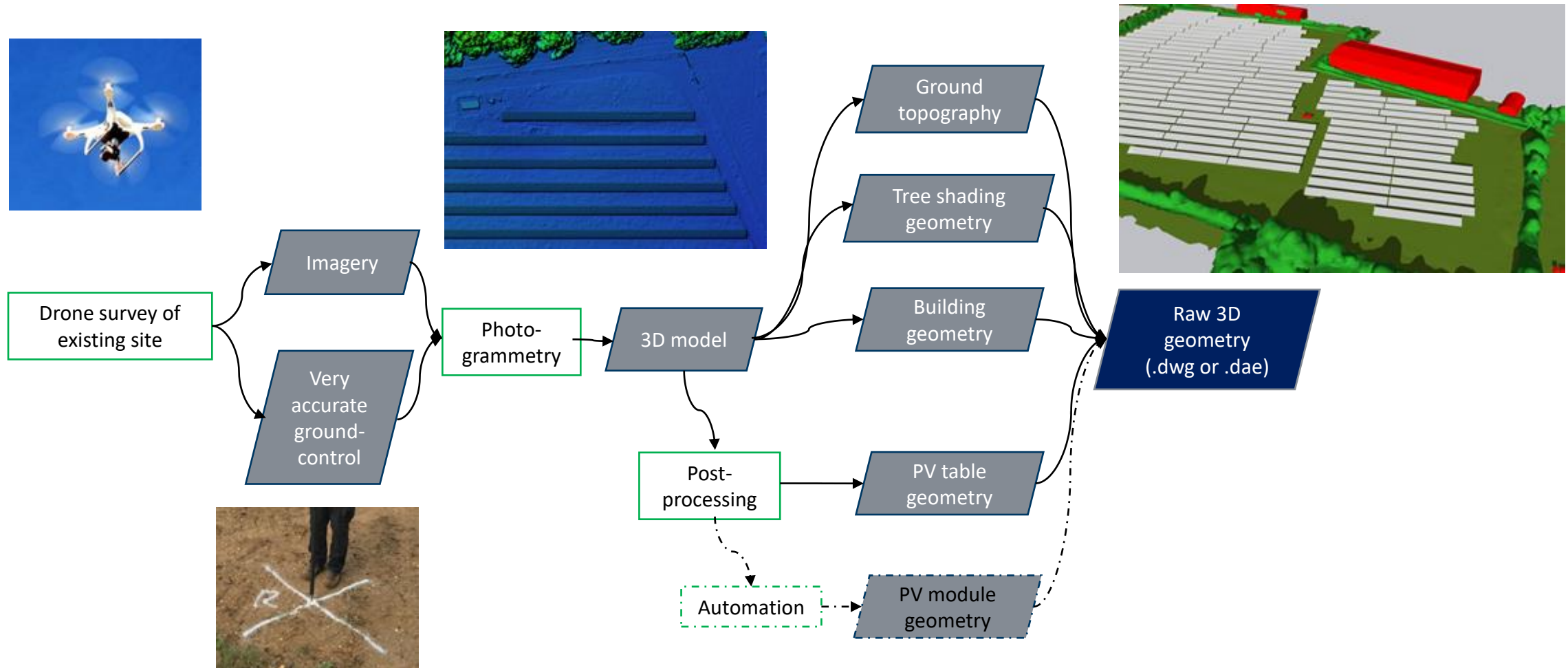
Bridge the information loss associated with handling a project from design team, to construction team and to asset owner/operator

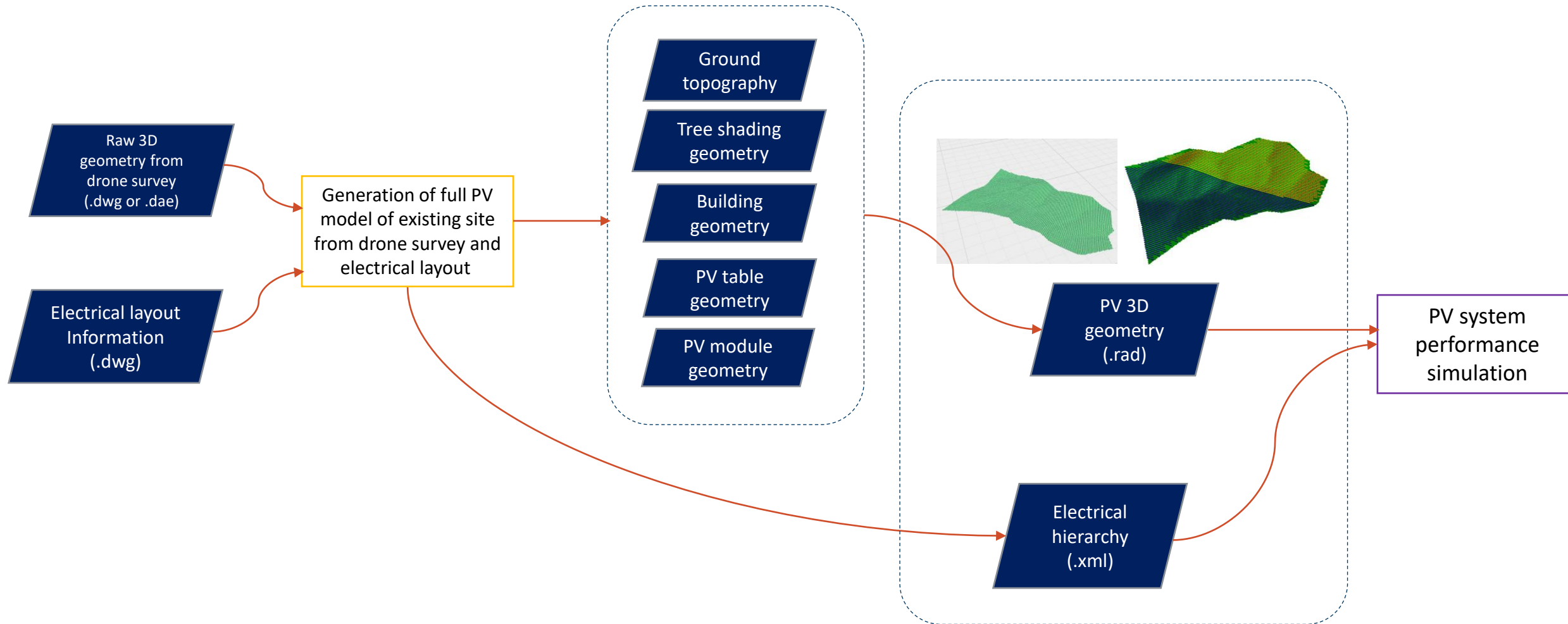
Dynamic information about the asset

(Configuration changes, sensor measurements, control signals)

PV BIM = Digital repository to facilitate the storage, modification and exchange of all PV asset information throughout the entire PV lifecycle

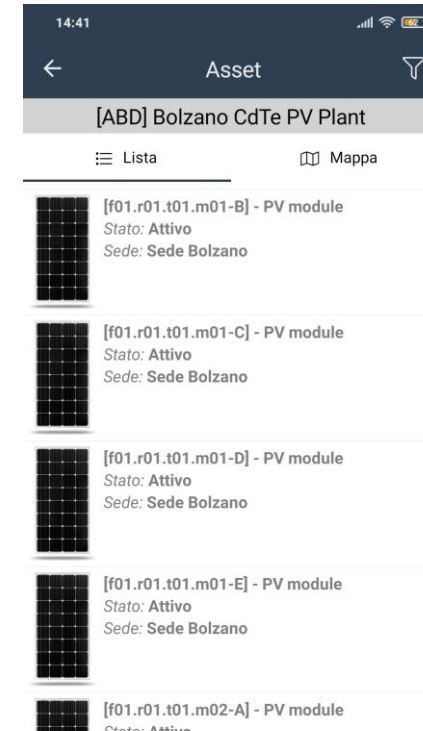
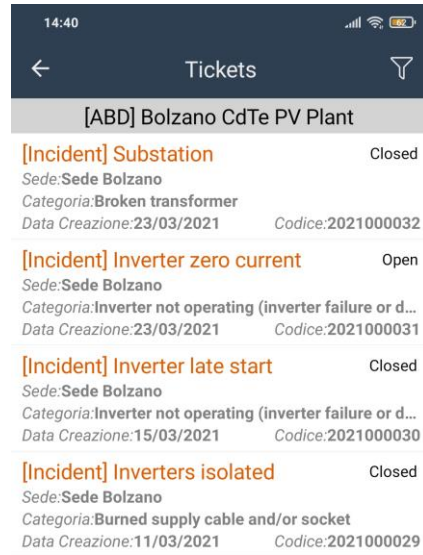
Digital Twin = parametrized 3D model, containing all physical information needed to simulate the behavior and performance of the real PV plant it represents





Process digitalisation

Digitalised PV plant



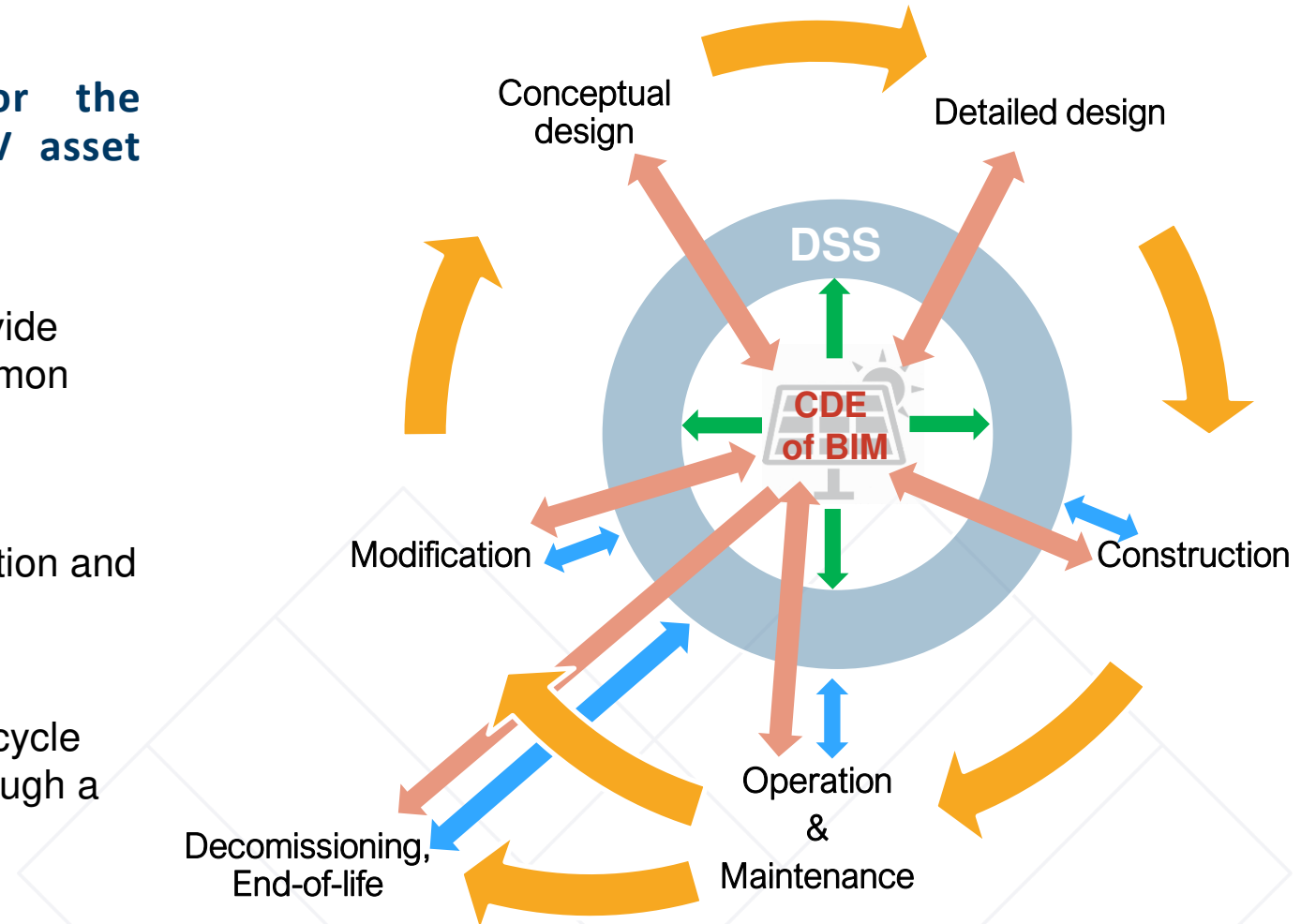
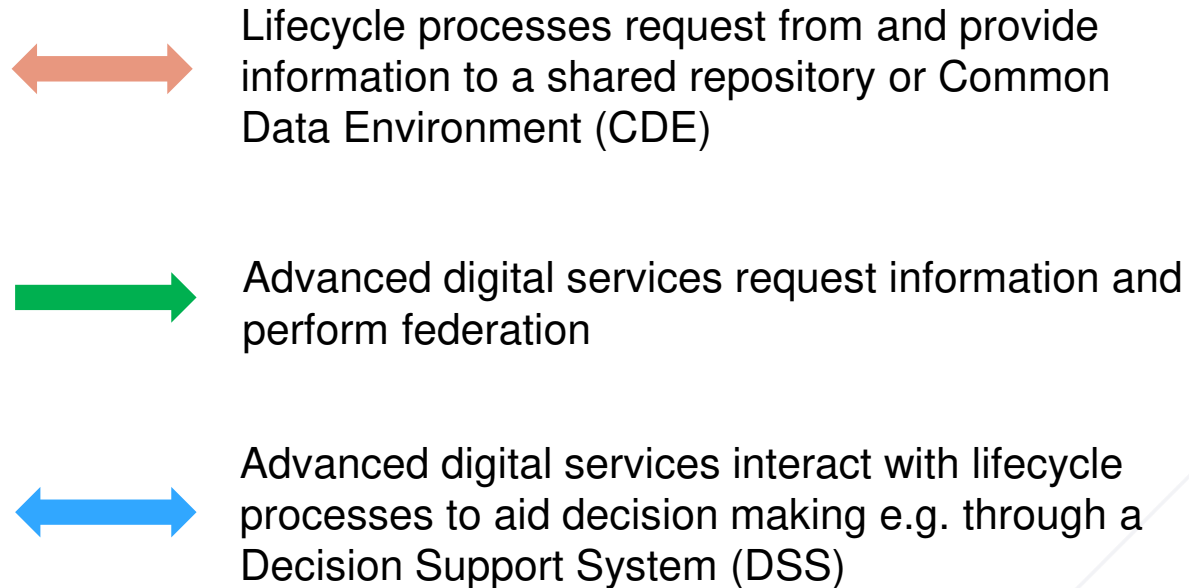
Component geolocalised
History / logging at component level
Integration in digital platforms
Common nomenclature: statistics
Suggestions on actions
H&S / skills management

A value-chain approach

Breaking silos

BIM framework for the PV industry

- **Building Information Modeling (BIM)** for the management, sharing and federation of PV asset information throughout the lifecycle



Asset information re-use in the PV industry

- The information need of several PV system lifecycle stages is investigated (see table)
 - It was found that enabling information re-use through BIM can render most services:
 - More efficient through eliminating work repetition
 - More reliable through using a single, managed source of information

Lifecycle stages		Data elements	Data elements																		
			Terrain Topography	Drone mapping	PV plant 3D model	Component datasheets	As-built documentation	Expected Yield Simulation	Site Location + Metadata	PV Plant + Metadata	Electrical Layout	Electrical Hierarchy	Weather Data	Component Labelling	PV plant Bill of Materials	PV Module Bill of Materials	Component cost database	Serial Numbers	Operational Data	Long Term Yield Assessment Data	Ticketing Data
Planning and Design	Product Manufacturing & Testing						x		x					x	x	x					
	Creation of a Digital Twin (Existing Plant)	x	x		x	x		x													
	Creation of a Digital Twin (New Plant)	x	x		x			x								x					
	Energy yield simulation using Digital Twin		x	x	x			x	x	x	x	x	x								
	Construction Monitoring	x	x		x	x				x	x		x				x				
	Performance Monitoring		x		x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x				x	x	x	x	
	Operation & Maintenance	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x					x			x	
	Recycling and End-of-Life				x									x	x		x				
	PV Financing						x							x	x	x			x		
Decision Support System	x	x		x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x					x		x		

Conclusions and outlook

- The PV sector must establish approaches to ensure and measure quality of components, systems and projects
- Each PV project must ensure the presence of a reliability plan which is constantly updated and passed along the value chain
- New metrics must be introduced to quantify the impact of decisions taken over the lifetime of a PV project
- Silos culture between stakeholders must change. Decision taken during a phase have an impact on the next phases
- Information must be carried along the value chain (eliminate work repetition)
- Standardisation of data format and collected data (metadata / PV plant passport, product data, monitoring data, ticketing, etc)
- Digital platforms must be interoperable

Bankability must be based on hard facts / data

Solar Bankability is an approach that heavily relies on data / quantification of quality

Digitalisation is the driver that can finally ensure cost-effective increase of quality and reliability



Stay tuned for the next Task 13 period!



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Thank you for your attention

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Decision support system

